

Crime and Disorder

This measures the rate of recorded crime in an area for four major crime types representing the risk of personal and material victimisation at a small area level.

- **Violence** – reported violent crimes (19 types) per 1,000 at risk population;
- **Burglary** – reported burglaries (4 types) per 1,000 at risk population;
- **Theft** – reported thefts (5 types) per 1,000 at risk population;
- **Criminal damage** – reported crimes (11 types) per 1,000 at risk population.

Note:

The Island continues to remain as one of the safest places to live in England and while the 2010 rankings identified five LSOAs that were within the 20% most deprived areas in England, it should be noted that these outcomes were based on 2008 data. Since then a number of initiatives have been delivered, which have brought reductions to rates of crime and improved detection, for a number of crime types. Additionally, that any change in rankings that occurred between 2010 and the previous set of rankings in 2007 does not necessarily indicate increased deprivation in an area, it may be influenced equally by changes to the positions within those rankings for other areas across England.

National comparison: Island LSOAs which were amongst the 20% most deprived areas in England:

- Newport South B
- Ryde North East A
- Ryde North East B
- Ryde North West A
- Sandown North B

Isle of Wight compared with England (Crime and Disorder Deprivation)

